

Overstay and readmission in day surgery – comparison of ear, nose and throat and orthopedic patients



Morag Tolvi, Lasse Lehtonen, Hanna Tuominen, Mika Paavola, Kimmo Mattila, Leena-Maija Aaltonen Helsinki University Hospital and University of Helsinki

OBJECTIVES

We examined the overstay and readmission rates in day surgery with a special focus on the effect of local versus general anesthesia. Unscheduled contacts not leading to readmission are also reported.

METHODS

We conducted a retrospective study on all ENT and OHS day surgery patients within a 3-month period, using the hospital's surgery database and patient charts to collect data pertaining to anesthesia, overstays, readmissions and contacts within 30 days of day surgery.

RESULTS

With general anesthesia, 3.2% (n=23) of ENT day surgery patients had an overstay or readmission compared to 1.4% (n=4) after local anesthesia. Using a multivariable logistic regression model including American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) class, age, gender and form of anesthesia, females and young adults (16-44 years old) had more outcomes of overstay, readmission or contact than males and other age groups.

With general anesthesia, 10% (n=5) of OHS day surgery patients had an overstay or readmission compared to 0.6% (n=3) after local/regional anesthesia. Using the same multivariate logistic regression model as with ENT patients, the form of anesthesia and gender were significant for overstay, readmission or contact.

CONCLUSION

Our overstay, contact and readmission rates are on the same level, or even lower, than in international studies. Our findings suggest that more day surgery patients than currently could be treated safely using local or regional anesthesia.

Patient demographics in 1,011 ENT day surgery procedures						
	Ear surgery	Nasal surgery	Tonsil & adenoid surgery	Miscellaneous EN		
Patients (n)	236	256	400	119		
Male %	51.7	53.5	53.8	55.5		
Age, median (range)	4.3 (0.5 - 76.2)	40.7 (3.4 - 81.4)	9.2 (0.6 - 70.7)	50.5 (2.6 - 87.0)		
ASA class, %						
1	16.3	14.4	30	5		
2	5.1	8.6	8.8	4.8		
3	0.9	1.4	0.7	1.2		
4	0.1	0	0.1	0.1		
no information	0.9	0.9	0	0.6		
Anesthesia						
Local anesthesia (%)	16.9	73.7		47.1		
Regional anesthesia (%)						
General anesthesia (%)	83.1	26.3	100	52.9		

Patient demographics in 542 OHS day surgery procedures						
	Hand surgery	Shoulder & elbow surgery	Lower limb surgery			
Patients (n)	471	55	16			
Male %	37.4	58.2	56.3			
Age, median (range)	53.8 (16.2 - 92.5)	54.3 (23.2 - 72.2)	42.2 (21.1 - 63.3)			
ASA class, median (range)	2 (1 - 4)	2 (1 - 4)	1 (1 - 3)			
Anesthesia						
Local anesthesia (%)	42.7	10.9				
Regional anesthesia (%)	49.7	65.5	93.7			
General anesthesia (%)	7.6	23.6	6.3			

	No. of day surgery	Overall day surgery
Procedure	patients	percentage in unit
Tonsillectomy	168	92
Grommet insertion	152	100
Maxillary antrostomy	129	88
Adenoidectomy	128	100
Tonsillotomy	78	98
Septoplasty	36	88
Closed reduction of nasal fracture	35	100
Excision of lesion of larynx	33	83
Stapedotomy	31	94
Myringoplasty	30	100
Other ENT procedures*	191	85
Decompression of median nerve	167	97
Discission of sheath of tendon of wrist or hand	46	98
Decompression of ulnar nerve	43	98
Palmar fasciotomy of hand	42	100
Incomplete excision of soft tissue tumour of wrist or hand	36	92
Arthroplasty of first CMC joint	34	90
Excision of synovial ganglion of wrist or hand	25	100
Fusion of DIP joint	23	96
Open operation for osteochondritis of joint of wrist	22	96
Arthroscopic exploration of joint of wrist or hand	18	82
Other OHS procedures**	86	92

includes eg adenotonsillectomy, biopsy of larynx, polypectomy

includes eg. arthroscopic partial excision of meniscus of knee, partial fusion of wrist, removal of internal fixation device from wrist or han

CONTACT

Contact: morag.tolvi@hus.fi

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